

2026 年 4 月高等教育自学考试

英语(专)试题

课程代码:13124

1. 请考生按规定用笔将所有试题的答案涂、写在答题纸上。
2. 答题前,考生务必将自己的姓名、准考证号用黑色字迹的签字笔或钢笔填写在答题纸规定的位置上。

选择题部分

注意事项:

每小题选出答案后,用 2B 铅笔把答题纸上对应题目的答案标号涂黑。如需改动,用橡皮擦干净后,再选涂其他答案标号。不能答在试题卷上。

第一部分: 阅读判断(第 1~10 题, 每题 1 分, 共 10 分)

下面的短文后列出了 10 个句子, 请根据短文的内容对每个句子作出判断: 如果该句提供的是正确信息, 选择 A; 如果该句提供的是错误信息, 选择 B; 如果该句的信息文中没有提及, 选择 C。在答题卡(纸)相应位置上将答案选项涂黑。

Clinton's Early Life

Bill Clinton was born in Hope, Arkansas, in 1946. His mother named him William Jefferson Blythe III after his father. Bill's father died in a car accident before his birth. When Bill was four years old, his mother left him in her parents' care while she trained as a nurse.

When Bill was eight, his mother married Roger Clinton. The family moved to Hot Springs, Arkansas. There they lived in a small house with no heating system. Bill's stepfather (继父) was a drunk, and the family life was frequently disturbed by domestic (家庭的) violence.

When he was fifteen, Bill warned his stepfather never to hit his mother or half-brother again. Despite his difficult relationship with his stepfather, Bill changed his last name to Clinton as a teenager.

When Clinton was seventeen, he met then President John F. Kennedy. As a result, Clinton decided that he wanted to enter politics. He entered Georgetown University in 1964. As a college student, he was committed to the movement against the Vietnam War.

Clinton graduated from Georgetown in 1968 with a degree in international affairs. He was awarded a scholarship. This allowed him to spend the next two years continuing his studies at Oxford University. In 1970 he entered law school at Yale University. Aft



graduation, Clinton went into private practice as a lawyer in Arkansas. He also began teaching at the University of Arkansas Law School.

1. Clinton's father died before he was born.
A. True B. False C. Not Given
2. Clinton's grandparents left him when he was four.
A. True B. False C. Not Given
3. Clinton's mother studied hard during her training.
A. True B. False C. Not Given
4. At eight, Clinton lived in a house of poor conditions.
A. True B. False C. Not Given
5. Clinton had a good relationship with his stepfather.
A. True B. False C. Not Given
6. At seventeen, Clinton wanted to be a politician in the future.
A. True B. False C. Not Given
7. In college, Clinton was opposed to the Vietnam War.
A. True B. False C. Not Given
8. Clinton majored in law in Georgetown University.
A. True B. False C. Not Given
9. Clinton studied in Oxford University on a scholarship.
A. True B. False C. Not Given
10. Clinton preferred to be a college teacher rather than a lawyer.
A. True B. False C. Not Given



第二部分：阅读选择（第 11~15 题，每题 2 分，共 10 分）

阅读下面短文，请从短文后所给各题的 4 个选项（A、B、C、D）中选出 1 个最佳选项，并在答题卡（纸）相应位置上将该项涂黑。

On the Edge

“Help! Help!” His call rang out over the empty valley. It threw back two weak cries. “Nobody goes into the mountains alone.” His climbing teacher’s voice ran through his mind. Frank understood now. If he had been with someone up there with a rope—but nobody was there. He went climbing by himself.

Frank studied the cliff. He had fallen only about twelve feet, but there was no place where he could put his hands or feet to hold. And near the top, there was a crack (裂缝). He kept staring at the crack. Suddenly, his eyes opened wide at an idea. “If I tie a big knot (结) in the end, I can throw it up there and jam the knot so that it won’t pull through.”

“That’s what I’ll do,” Frank said. He took off his jeans, and cut them into long, even pieces, tying them carefully together. Then, he picked up his right shoe. With his jeans rope, he made two tight loops around the shoe, and tied a tight knot.

Afraid to rest, afraid to think, he lifted the rope. He took the end in his right hand, gathered the rest in his left, and threw the shoe. It landed on top, but the rope missed the crack, so the shoe fell back down when he pulled. On the third try, the shoe hit the edge above, and then stuck. Then he climbed for his life—up and up—over the edge to safety. He lay still, catching breath. He had a new sense of how beautiful it was to be alive.

11. After Frank shouted out for help, _____.
A. he became unconscious
B. his mind went blank
C. his climbing teacher came to him
D. he heard the echo of his own voice
12. While looking at the crack, Frank _____.
A. found a place to hold his feet
B. knew he had fallen far deep
C. figured out an idea to save himself
D. saw a rope hanging down the cliff
13. The phrase “jam the knot” (Line 4, Para. 2) is closest in meaning to _____.
A. keep the knot stuck in the crack
B. catch the knot in his hand
C. push the knot upward
D. tighten the knot
14. Which of the following did Frank do for his rescue?
A. He contacted his climbing teacher.
B. He made a rope out of his jeans.
C. He tied a knot with the shoestrings.
D. He took a rest to save energy first.



15. When Frank climbed back to the top of the cliff, _____.

A. he threw the shoe away

B. he was tired and breathless

C. he was afraid to lay there

D. he enjoyed the beautiful valley

第三部分：概括段落大意和补全句子（第 16~25 题，每题 1 分，共 10 分）

阅读下面短文，请完成短文后的 2 项测试任务：（1）从第 16~20 题后所给的 6 个选项中为第①~⑤段每段选择 1 个正确的段落大意；（2）从第 21~25 题后所给的 6 个选项中选择 5 个正确选项，分别完成每个句子。在答题卡（纸）相应位置上将答案选项涂黑。

Crying is Good

① A recent Netherlands study showed participants really sad movies and then noted who cried and who didn't. Those who didn't cry felt no different emotionally after the movie, while the criers felt worse. However, within 20 minutes, the criers returned to pre-movie levels, and after 90 minutes, the criers felt much better than those who didn't cry.

② William Frey, a U.S. Ph.D. also made his study participants cry by showing sad movies. His theory was that crying removes chemicals that build up during stress. "We don't know what those chemicals are, but we do know that tears contain one chemical called ACTH. It is known to be increased in stress," reports Dr. Frey.

③ Non-emotional crying has health benefits, too. You know how you tear up when you're cutting onions? A chemical from the onion is released, hits the surface of the eye, and creates sulfuric acid (硫酸). In order to get rid of it, your eyes produce a lot of tears to wash the chemical out of the eye.

④ Tears travel internally to the nose, where they meet a thick liquid produced inside the nose. When enough tears mix with the liquid, it loosens and flows out. This keeps the nose wet and bacteria free.

⑤ Women cry an average of 5.3 times a month, while men 1.3 times. Part of that difference is because testosterone (睾丸素) (higher in men) may prevent crying, while the hormone prolactin (催乳素) (higher in women) may encourage it. No matter how different it is between men and women, it's healthy for both sexes to cry.



Task 1

16. Paragraph ❶:
17. Paragraph ❷:
18. Paragraph ❸:
19. Paragraph ❹:
20. Paragraph ❺:

- A. Tears clean the eye.
- B. Tears help relieve stress.
- C. Tears keep the nose healthy.
- D. Crying makes people feel better.
- E. Men differ from women in crying.
- F. Researchers advise people to cry often.

Task 2

21. Those who didn't cry during a sad movie were found to _____.
22. Crying can help people in stress _____.
23. Crying caused by onion cutting is _____.
24. When you cry, your nose may be _____.
25. The hormone prolactin makes women _____.

- A. much worse
- B. non-emotional
- C. cry more often
- D. protected from bacteria
- E. reduce certain chemicals
- F. remain emotionally the same



第四部分：填句补文（第 26~30 题，每题 2 分，共 10 分）

下面的短文有 5 处空白，短文后有 6 个句子，其中 5 个取自短文，请根据短文内容将其分别放回原有位置，以恢复文章原貌，并在答题卡（纸）相应位置上将答案选项涂黑。

A Horrible Experience

A little girl had a horrible accident while at sea. She was on a boat when a sea lion attacked her and pulled her into the water.

The little girl was wearing a colorful summer dress during her time at sea. A sea lion was attracted to the people on the boat because food was thrown off of the boat to it. 26

Attracted by the amazing sea lion, the little girl pointed at it, as if she was trying to pet it. When the sea lion rose up close to the little girl, she became more interested and really wanted to get an up-close view of the lovely animal. 27

Suddenly, the sea lion pulled her dress and in just a split second, the girl was in the water. 28 They were shocked by such an unexpected event.

One man on the boat immediately jumped into the water to save the child. Sure enough, he was able to seize the girl. 29 She seemed to be in complete shock. The boat immediately left the area.

Sea lions are not seen to be dangerous and harm-causing animals in most cases. 30 According to the officials, it is possible that the sea lion believed the child's dress looked like a piece of food.

- A. Everyone on the boat was in a panic.
 - B. She moved to sit on the edge of the boat.
 - C. Attacks by sea lions to humans are very rare.
 - D. The girl was quickly lifted back onto the boat.
 - E. It stayed around, most likely seeking more food.
 - F. The video of the accident has spread on the Internet.



第五部分：填词补文（第 31~40 题，每题 1.5 分，共 15 分）

下面的短文有 10 处空白，短文后列出 12 个词，其中 10 个取自短文，请根据短文内容将其分别放回原有位置，以恢复文章原貌，并在答题卡（纸）相应位置上将答案选项涂黑。

Making Bed or Not

Ever since I moved into my own apartment last fall, I have got out of the 31 of making my bed. Although some people may think that I am lazy, I have 32 reasons for doing so. In the first 33, I don't care about maintaining a 34 bedroom because no one except me ever risks going there. In addition, I 35 nothing uncomfortable about crawling (爬) into a mass of sheets and blankets. Actually, I enjoy making a comfortable space for myself before drifting off to 36. Also, I think that a 37 made bed is very uncomfortable. Finally, and most 38, I think bed-making is a terrible way to 39 time in the morning. I would rather spend those 40 minutes checking my email or feeding the cat than making my bed.

A. sleep	E. importantly	I. find
B. strong	F. corner	J. place
C. waste	G. habit	K. precious
D. tidy	H. hardly	L. neatly



非选择题部分

注意事项：

用黑色字迹的签字笔或钢笔将答案写在答题纸上,不能答在试题卷上。

第六部分：完形补文（第 41~50 题，每题 1.5 分，共 15 分）

下面的短文有 10 处空白，每处空白后的括号内有一个词，请根据短文内容将其正确的形式填入文中，以恢复文章原貌，并将答案写在答题卡（纸）相应的位置上。

Four-Digit PINs

ATMs (自动取款机) were created (**create**) in 1967 by a Scottish man named John Shepherd-Barron, who thought that 41 (**get**) cash should be as easy as buying a chocolate bar. But the 42 (**difficult**) was how to ensure that you were who you said you were. To prevent 43 (**problem**), Shepherd-Barron developed a special type of paper check. It worked like the bank card a person 44 (**use**) today. Each check would cause his cash machine to request a 45 (**person**) identification number, or PIN. Only the account 46 (**own**) knew it. Shepherd-Barron already had a six-digit ID number. It was 47 (**give**) to him by the army. So, he was going to let the machine make the 48 (**require**) of a six-digit PIN from everyone who used it. That 49 (**probable**) would have been the standard. However, his wife disliked it. She believed that six digits were 50 (**hard**) than four to remember. Finally, four became the standard.

第七部分：短文写作（第 51 题，30 分）

请根据所提供材料中的要求完成一篇 80 词左右的英文写作任务。将你的答案写在答题卡（纸）相应的位置上。

51.

某报刊正在举办题为 “The New Look of My Hometown” 的英文征文活动。

请你用英文就此题目写一篇短文应征，内容包括：

- 你的家乡在哪里
- 近年来有哪些变化

