

全国 2021 年 4 月高等教育自学考试 英语语法试题

课程代码:00831

1. 请考生按规定用笔将所有试题的答案涂、写在答题纸上。
2. 答题前,考生务必将自己的考试课程名称、姓名、准考证号用黑色字迹的签字笔或钢笔填写在答题纸规定的位置上。

选择题部分

注意事项:

每小题选出答案后,用 2B 铅笔把答题纸上对应题目的答案标号涂黑。如需改动,用橡皮擦干净后,再选涂其他答案标号。不能答在试题卷上。

I. Choose the best answer from the choices given and blacken the corresponding letter A, B, C or D on the ANSWER SHEET. (1%×20=20%)

1. She is a TV _____ and watches as much as she can.
A. addicted B. addiction C. addict D. addicting
2. She leant _____ the river to see her reflection in the water.
A. on B. by C. over D. against
3. The Alps _____ very popular among mountain climbers in Europe ten years ago.
A. is B. are C. was D. were
4. A: Did you see Mary at the party or at the meeting?
B: I saw her on _____ occasions.
A. each B. both C. all D. either
5. _____ surprised me that she should reject your proposal.
A. That B. It C. There D. This
6. If it _____ tomorrow, the opening ceremony would have to be postponed.
A. were to rain B. rains C. is raining D. had rained
7. They live in an _____ house than any other I have ever seen.
A. older B. elder C. old D. eldest
8. The committee _____ finding it difficult to agree to each other.
A. is B. are C. be D. was



9. The man _____ to climb out of the window when the firemen arrived.
A. is trying B. was trying C. tries D. has tried
10. Five and seven _____ twelve.
A. made B. is making C. make D. has made
11. If paper _____, we would have no books.
A. was not invented B. didn't invent
C. had not invented D. had not been invented
12. You could rarely see him in the library, _____ you?
A. did B. didn't C. could D. couldn't
13. I _____ harder, or I would have passed the examination.
A. should have worked B. must have worked
C. could work D. might work
14. The man was charged for making his employees _____ overtime without extra pay.
A. to work B. working C. work D. worked
15. No one would know what happened last night if you could keep your mouth _____.
A. shut B. to shut C. shutting D. to be shut
16. _____ you start, _____ you will get the work done.
A. The early, the soon B. The earlier, the sooner
C. The early, the sooner D. The earlier, the soon
17. _____ her children had gone to school, Mrs. Black felt that it was a good time for her to enjoy a moment of doing nothing.
A. As B. Although C. While D. Before
18. You can use my car _____ you promise to be back before lunch.
A. as far as B. as long as C. as well as D. as much as
19. Ann returned the book _____ I bought at a bookstore to the library by mistake.
A. whose B. who C. whom D. which
20. Nobody knew the reason _____ she turned down his proposal.
A. when B. where C. why D. how

非选择题部分

注意事项:

用黑色字迹的签字笔或钢笔将答案写在答题纸上,不能答在试题卷上。

II. Fill in the blanks on the ANSWER SHEET with one of the items given.

(2%×10=20%)

21. *phenomena, phenomenon, phenomenons; characterizes, characterized, characterizing*

The _____ of hypnosis is still a mystery of sorts, but psychiatrists do have some model of how it works. It is a trance state _____ by extreme suggestibility, relaxed heightened imagination.



22. *subsequent, subsequently, subsequence; year's, years', years*

The suspect was arrested for robbery and _____ sentenced to three _____ imprisonment.

23. *shows, show, shown; accounted, accounts, account*

Details of the latest study, published in the journal *Science*, _____ that Greenland now _____ for an increase in global sea levels of about 0.5 millimeters per year.

24. *failing, failed, fail; expelled, be expelled, expel*

If you cheat on an exam at our university, you will face serious consequences. You could receive a _____ grade, or _____ from the university.

25. *low, lower, a lower; that, which, what*

The scientists began investigating the link between IQ and vegetarianism because people with higher intelligence have _____ risk of heart disease, _____ has long puzzled doctors.

26. *to, at, by; much, more, most*

Yelling _____ each other is not negotiation; it is confrontation. In those situations there may be a “winner”, but it is even _____ likely that there will be a “loser”.

27. *take, taking, taken; mean, means, meaning*

In some countries where racial prejudice is acute, violence has so come to be _____ for granted as a _____ of solving differences that it is not even questioned.

28. *twos-thirds, two-thirds, twos-third; otherwise, rather than, besides*

The satellite study shows that about _____ of the sea-level rise caused by the Greenland ice sheet is due to icebergs breaking off from fast-moving glaciers _____ simply the result of water running off from melting ice.

29. *had to be, ought to be, might have been; which, when, where*

It is not known when ancient civilizations found out how to use the cacao's seeds. It _____ by accident _____ the beans fell into a fire and roasted, releasing a chocolate-like smell.

30. *those, that, what; in, as, since*

The report reveals the rates of malnutrition in South Asia are almost double _____ in Sub-Saharan Africa. Roughly 50% of children in South Asia are undernourished _____ compared to about 25% in Sub-Saharan Africa.

III. Fill in the blanks on the ANSWER SHEET with an item as required. (1%×20=20%)

31. With a determiner:

The 15th century saw the outbreak of the dreaded disease which attacked _____ England and caused serious consequences.



32. With a determiner:

The twin brothers went to the same elementary and secondary schools and amazingly _____ of them were admitted by Harvard University.

33. With a determiner:

The young man has been working hard and he is always cherishing the dream of owning _____ Benz in his thirties.

34. With a modal auxiliary:

If I _____ speak Spanish, I wouldn't have asked you to accompany me to Barcelona.

35. With a modal auxiliary:

I regret having left the work unfinished; I _____ have planned everything ahead carefully.

36. With a preposition:

It won't take me too long to finish the report, three quarters of an hour _____ most.

37. With a preposition:

_____ hearing that his father was ill, he was so anxious to be back that he immediately went to the station to buy a ticket.

38. With a preposition:

The student was unable to tell the slight difference _____ the two adjectives.

39. With a preposition:

Thanks _____ the new archeological finds, we can now learn more about the history of early mankind.

40. With a relative pronoun or a relative adverb:

He has got a large number of books in his study, the majority of _____ are history books.

41. With a relative pronoun or a relative adverb:

There are two Johnsons in our class, and the scholarship goes to the Johnson _____ plays on the school soccer team.

42. With a relative pronoun or a relative adverb:

There was nothing _____ was interesting or worth considering in his speech and a lot of listeners dozed off.

43. With a relative pronoun or a relative adverb:

The two scientists, _____ research work means a great deal to the welfare of mankind, share the Nobel Prize for chemistry.



44. With a coordinator:

The engineer worked day and night trying to find out the cause of the failure of the equipment, _____ eventually he succeeded.

45. With a coordinator:

Not that I am unwilling to do the work, _____ that I am unequal to it.

46. With a subordinator:

When you leave the office, please see to it _____ all the windows have been closed and lights turned off.

47. With a subordinator:

For many migrant workers, home is _____ their job is.

48. With a tag:

Nobody in the company wanted to be transferred to such a remote place, _____?

49. With a tag:

The task is very difficult. Let's turn to others for help, _____?

50. With a tag:

I'm not very sure, but Mr. Zhang may be the best teacher in our school, _____?

IV. Rewrite the following sentences as required on the ANSWER SHEET. (2%×15=30%)

51. Using passive voice:

Did you send my package by EMS?

52. Using passive voice:

People say that there will be a heavy snowstorm in the coming week.

53. Using a modal auxiliary:

It is not necessary that they do as they are told.

54. Using a modal auxiliary:

He was the last person to betray his country.

55. Using a non-finite verb form:

She promised that she would come and help.

56. Using a non-finite verb form:

The boy is so young that he can't take care of himself.

57. Using a complex prepositions:

They set out though it was raining heavily.

58. Using a disjunct:

It's honest to say that it is a waste of time attempting to change someone.

59. Using a relative clause:

The monsoon season occurs in Bangkok every year. It causes heavy rains.



60. Using a relative clause:

John is a man of courage.

61. Using subordination:

Carlos decided to renew the lease on his New York apartment. He was growing tired of city life.

62. Using coordination:

Seize the chance. You'll regret it.

63. Reinforcing the negation:

No one on the team supported my plan.

64. Adding a suitable tag:

Don't make so much noise in the classroom.

65. Using discontinuity:

Excessive exposure to violence on TV is more harmful than expected to children.

V. Answer the following question on the ANSWER SHEET. (4%×1=4%)

66. When the simple past refers to the present time, what are its characteristic uses? Illustrate them with examples.

VI. Define the following terms with examples on the ANSWER SHEET. (3%×2=6%)

67. free morphemes

68. statements

